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FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AUSTRALIA.

Department of Public Health, New South Wales—Bubonic plague at Sydney—Weekly bulletin.

For week ended Saturday, June 23, 1900, at midnight: Remaining under treatment, June 26, 1900, 76; admitted to hospital during week, 6; died during week, nil; remaining under treatment, June 23, 1900, 68; total cases to June 23, 1900, 284; total deaths to June 23, 1900, 98; discharged recovered, 118; total contacts isolated to June 23, 1900, 1,586; total contacts remaining, 91; total cases among contacts, 7; total cases among Chinese, 10; total deaths among Chinese, 8.

For week ended Saturday, June 30, 1900, at midnight: Remaining under treatment June 23, 1900, 68; admitted to hospital during week, 12; died during week, 3; remaining under treatment, 63 (June 30); total cases to June 30, 1900, 296; total deaths to June 30, 1900, 101; discharged recovered, 132; total contacts isolated, 1,686; total contacts remaining, 111; total cases among contacts, 7; total cases among Chinese, 10; total deaths among Chinese, 8.

AUSTRIA.

Plague and plague quarantine information collected by the Government for the two weeks ended July 19, 1900.

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, July 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit under same cover "Statement of the plague and measures taken against it" in different countries for the periods ended July 12 and July 19. This information is collected by the Austrian Government, and I have had it translated.

Respectfully,

JOHN F. ANDERSON,
Assistant Surgeon U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure No. 1.—Forwarded by Asst. Surg. John F. Anderson, July 21, 1900.]

State of the pest and measures against it for the period ended July 12, 1900.

Greece.—By royal decree of June 1 (14), of the present year, the rules for medical examination of ships coming to Greece from countries infected with bubonic plague have been regulated as follows: The prescribed medical visit to arrivals from pest-infected countries does not apply to ships which have made a voyage of twenty days with a physician on board, and a voyage of twenty-five days without a physician on board. Ships having a disinfecting apparatus on board are, after a voyage of fifteen days, allowed to ply at will, provided a declaration is given by the captain and the ship's surgeon that the effects of the passengers and crew were disinfected during the trip. These easier measures, however, apply only to such ships which, during the designated time of voyage, have put into no infected ports and not had any suspicious cases of illness on board, moreover, carry no goods the importation of which into Greece is prohibited.

Roumania.—By circular edict of the sanitary office in Sulina of June 5 [18], No. 254, supplementary to circulars Nos. 216 and 236, the Persian Gulf and the territory